## THE BANK OF ENGLAND FORGERIES | THE BRITISH PARLIAMENT

Herald Special Report from Havana.

Four Persons Captured and Charged with the Crime.

Names and Description of the Prisoners.

Important Concession by the Spanish Government for Their Detention.

TELEGRAMS TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

The following special despatch . to the HERALD has been received from our correspondent in the capital of Cuba :-

HAVANA, March 21, 1873. Byron or Warren, alias A. Bidwell, pretending to be a native of Chicago, with an American passport, issued by the State Department at Washington; his wife, an English woman, and Harry Noyes, or Nunn, travelling with the former as a servant, who arrived here last Saturday on board the French steamer from St. Nazaire, were arrested yesterday at the Hotel Telegrafo through the efforts of the British Consul General, who had been previously instructed by telegrams to be on the lookout, as these parties would probably arrive here on their way to Mexico, and were confederates of a gang of forgers on the Bank of England.

THEIR PRESENT LOCATION AND PERSONAL LOOKS. Warren and Noyes, or Nunn, are confined at the military barracks and deprived of all intercourse. The wife is under surveillance at the hotel. Warren is about thirty-four years of age. His appearance is not prepossessing. The wife is about twenty years old, good looking, with abundance of golden hair. Their baggage has been examined. Nothing criminating was found, except a notebook with some leaves torn out.

MARITAL CAUTION -IS IT CONJUGAL OB CRIMI-NAL?

Bidwell, when arrested, turned to his wife, saying, "Don't you say a word about who you are, what you are, where you are from or anything about us." After uttering the foregoing he was stopped from further conversa-

BIDWELL'S PART IN THE OPERATION.

. Bidwell is supposed to be the principal operator in the frauds on the Bank of England, and answers to the description telegraphed by the London police. Travelling with an American passport, he went through France into Spain and reached Santander, where he embarked on the French steamer for

LEGAL CONCESSION BY THE SPANISH GOVERN MENT.

There is no extradition treaty between Spain and England, but the Captain General has received instructions from Madrid authorzing him to act as if a treaty existed. The authorities will send the whole party back to London if the proper proofs are furnished. A detective is expected here from England soon to identify and take charge of the pris-

TESTIMONY POB USE AT THE TRIAL A It is stated that the confessions of the confederate now under arrest in London, fully implicate Bidwell in the forgeries.

British Government Claim for McDonnell's Extradition from New York.

LONDON, March 21, 1873. The steamship Celtic, which sailed from Liverspector Webb, of the London police force. He has with him the extradition papers to secure the arrested at New York yesterday on the charge of being one of the Bank of England forgers.

### FRANCE.

Flow of Bullion to the Bank-War Supplies for Spain Prohibited.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD. PARIS, March 21, 1873.

The specie in the Bank of France has increased 500,000 francs during the past week. NEUTRALITY ORDER TOWARDS THE SPANISH BEL-LIGERENTS.

The government has issued an order prohibiting the exportation of war materials from France to

### CHINA AND JAPAN.

Dread of a Mohammedan Invasion of North China-An Invisible Divinity in Allegiance to the Crown-Universal Toleration in Japan.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 21, 1873. The steamship Alaska, from Hong Kong via Yoka-hama, arrived here to-day. She brings advices from the former to February 12; from the latter, to February 24.

Great apprehension is felt of a Mohammedan in-Vasion of Northern China.

A special edict tolerating Christianity through

out Japan has been promulgated, and it is de termined to throw open the whole country to foreigners. The government is endeavoring to form a code based upon the European system. The Grand Lama of Thibet professes allegiance

to the young Emperor of China. The Grand Duke Alexis sailed from Hong Kong

January 28. COMPETITIVE INDUSTRY. A Universal Exhibition is to be held in Japan,

probably at Jeddo, within the next four years. The clipper ship Serica, engaged in the tea trade, has been wrecked near Puraceles. Out of a crew of twenty-nine, including the captain, only one

man was saved. All hands at first escaped on a raft which four days afterwards went to pieces. The British brig Bessie Searight foundered at sea near Nagasaki. No lives were lost.

DEATH OF A TURKISH CONSUL.

BALTIMORE, March 21, 1873. The death of William Grange, the Turkish Consul at this port, is announced in the city papers this

The Geneva Arbitration and Its Principle of Maritime Law Under Debate.

The Three Bules Eliminated from the Treaty of Washington-What Is Feared from Their Operation-Cabinet Defence of the Tribunal Conclusion-Disraeli's Idea.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

LONDON, March 21, 1873. In the House of Commons this evening the Right Hon. Gathorne Hardy moved an address to the Crown, praying that the government be instructed to dissent from the three international rules adopted by the Court of Arbitration at

Mr. Hardy, in the course of an able speech in support of his motion, declared that in making it he had no party object in view, nor did he intend to cast the slightest imputation on the fairness of the arbitrators. The disclaimer was received with cheers.

pecause it practically called for a vote of censure on the arbitrators who adopted the rules. These rules affected the United States as much as they did England. No other nation was interested. If England objects to them now it will appear as if the compensation awarded, and united action America and England hereafter, in case of war with or between other Powers, would be impos-

Mr. Vernon Harcourt spoke strongly in favor of water. The best thing possible to do was to request the United States government to withdraw them and substitute others which, in the event of war, would not make neutrality intolerable.

William Rathbone, member for Liverpool, was opposed to disturbing the decision of the Geneva Board. He argued that the rules only required England to enforce her own laws. I they were repealed England's commerce would be ruined forever in the very next war. He hoped the House would not reverse the government's just and statesmanlike policy.

Mr. Gregory, a conservative, sharply criticised the action of the Geneva Board in imposing dangerous liabilities on neutrals.

Mr. Samuel Laing spoke against the motion. Sir Stafford Northcote was disposed to favor it. He asked whether the government really accepted the ideas involved in these rules; if it did they ought to be made law.

The Attorney General, Sir J. Duke Coleridge, asked whether it was wise and dignified to pass such an opinion as the right honorable gentleman's address indirectly conveyed upon the conduct of the arbitrators whom the country through Parliament had thanked for their services. He continneva. We had better hold our tongues and pay the money." He confessed that it would be impossition without a distinct statement of the extent to which England consents to be bound thereby.

tended to come to some understanding with that of the United States in regard to these rules. He toped they would do so speedily, and then the two governments could jointly lay the rules before the other Powers for their consideration.

istone concurred in the view of the subect taken by Mr. Disraeli. He believed the rules would lose their force if England alone submitted them to the Powers. The government's opinion was unchanged, and he assured the House that the matter had not and would not be neglected. The motion was then withdrawn and the debat

ended. The Three Articles Incriminated by the

English Opposition. The Geneva Court of Arbitration, after re formidable and technical preface, sets forth the principle by which it was governed in concluding the Alabama claims award, in the following

whereas, having regard to the fourth and seventh articles of the said treaty, the arbitrators are bound, under the terms of the said sixth article, "in deciding the matters submitted to them to be governed by the three rules therein specified and by such principles of international law not inconsistent therewith as the arbitrators shall determine to have been applicable to the case."

WHAT THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON SAYS. The sixth article of the Treaty of Washington reads as follows :-

reads as follows:—

Anv. a.—In deciding the matters submitted to the arbitrators they shall be governed by the following three rules, which are agreed upon by the high contracting parties as rules to be taken as applicable to the case, and by such principles of international law not inconsistent therewith as the arbitrators shall determine to have been applicable to the case. Fittles—A neutral government is bound, first, to use due diligence to prevent the fitting out, arming or equipping, within its jurisdiction, of any vessel which it has reasonable ground to believe is intended to cruise or to carry on war against a Power with which it is at peace; and also to use like diligence to prevent the departure from its jurisdiction of any vessel alwing been specially adapted, in whole or in part, within such jurisdiction, to carry on war as above, such vessel having been specially adapted, in whole or in part, within such jurisdiction, to warlike use. Secondly, not to permit or suffer either beiligerent to make use of its ports or waters as the base of naval operations against the other, or for the purpose of the renewal or augmentation of military supplies of make use of the foregoing obligations and, as to all persons within its jurisdiction, to prevent any violation of the foregoing obligations and duties. Her Britantne Hajesty has commanded her High Commissioners and Pientpotentiaries to declare that Her Majesty's government cannot assent to the foregoing rules as a statement of principles of international law which were in lorce at the time when the claims mentioned in article 1 arose, but that Her Majesty's government cannot assent to the foregoing rules as a statement of principles of international law which were in lorce at the time when the claims mentioned in article 1 arose, but that Her Majesty's government had undertaken to drawith the principles of the future, agrees that, the deciding the questions between the two countries and of making adisfactory provision for the future, agrees that. Her Majesty'

The seventh article of the Treaty of Washington

reads:—

Aux. 7.—The decision of the tribunal shall, if possible, he made within three months from the close of the argument on both sides. It shall be made in writing and dated, and shall be signed by the arbitrators who may sesent to it. The said Irbunal shall first determine as to each vessel separately whether Great Britain has, by any each vessel separately whether Great Britain has, by any each of the in the foregoing three rules or recognized by the principles of international law not inconsistent with such rules, and shall certify such fact as te each of the said vessels. In case the tribunal find that Great Britain has failed to fulfil any duty or duties as aforesaid it may, if it think proper, proceed to award a sum in gross to be paid by Great Britain to the United States for Sither the Company of Great Britain to the government of the United States of Great Britain to the government of the United States award. The award shall be in duplicate, one copy whereof shall be delivered to the agent of Great Britain for his government, and the other copy shall be delivered to the agent of Great Britain for his government, and the other copy shall be delivered to the agent of Great Britain for his government.

### NAVAL ORDERS.

WASHINGTON, March 21, 1873. Captain Homer E. Blake has been ordered duty at New York in connection with recruiting. Commander John Irwin has been detached from Commander John Irwin has been detached from the naval station at League Island and ordered to the command of the Sabine, relieving Commander Breese, who is ordered to the command of the Potomac. The orders to Commander Law to command the Potomac are revoked, and he is ordered to the Naval Anylum at Philadelphia, Commander Weaver being placed on waiting orders. The Secretary of the Navy has addressed a letter to Chief Engineer King, of the United States Navy, thanking him for his very able, efficient and faithful administration of the Bureau of Steam Engineering during the four years just past, and assuring him of his personal esteem and friendship. W. W. Wood, having bean relieved of sca duty, has been confirmed as Mr. King's successor.

M'ENERY ADVISES RESISTANCE TO THE TAX

NEW ORLEANS, March 21, 1873. A brief letter signed "John McEnery, Governor of Louisiana," advises the organization of tax resistance associations throughout the State.

DREADFUL ACCIDENT IN FOURTEENTH

As Mr. Reed, of the Hoffman House, by his bookkeeper, was driving to the foot of Horatio street yesterday afternoon his horse took

### PREPARING TO FIGHT.

The Modocs Surrounded by Troops and Howitzers.

General Canby Carefully Posting the Soldiers.

Dyar Added as a Firebrand to the Peace Commission.

Van Bremer's Ranch, March 20, Via Yreka, Cal., March 21, 1873.

There has been considerable activity in camp during the past few days, and although the future movement of the troops is kept very quiet at headquarters I have just learned that the Lost River camp will be broken up on Saturday and the troops there moved into camp on the south-eastern shore of Tule Lake, about three and a half miles from Captain Jack's cave.

HOWITZERS BEING PLANTED NEAR JACK'S CAVE. Lieutenant Chapin, of the Fourth artillery, leaves to-morrow for Lost River to take charge of the howitzers of that camp. Four twenty-four pound Cochon mortars arrived here yesterday and have been given in charge of Major Evan Thomas, of the Fourth artillery, who will be assisted by Lieutenant Cranston, of Battery M, of the same regiment. The troops from Dorris' and this camp will proba bly move shout Menday or Tuesday and take up a position at the southwest of Tule Lake, close to the bluffs, about two and a half miles distant from Jack's cave.

RECONNOITHING IN THE LAVA RPDS I am going to-morrow on General Gillem's staff cavalry. We shall probably go to the lava beds and return the same evening.

A MODOC ENEMY ON THE NEW COMMISSION. The Indian Bureau have just put a clincher on their peace policy by the appointment of Mr. Dyar, Indian Agent for Oregon, on the Peace Commis sion in the place of Odeneal, who has been excused. Dyar is the man who scared fifteen of back to fight when they were on their way to a

APACHES MURDER AND HORRIBLY MUTI-LATE TWO SETTLERS.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 20, 1873. On the 11th of March the Apaches murdered Augustus Swain and James McDonald, near Wickenberg, Arizona. Their bodies were horribly muti-lated. Mr. Swifin was one of the first settlers, and, for a long time, was a government guide.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

ernor Dix and the State Comptroller Like the Charter Amendments-The Committee Tired of the Bill-Comptroller Green Again to Figure Up-The Senate Committee on Erle.

ALBANY, March 21, 1873. The charter has not yet ceased to be the sense tion of the day. Governor Dix to-day inquired just what was the status of the present twentyon being enlightened as to its provisions, said that it was a great improvement on the old section. He said nothing as to the merits or demerits of the amended charter as a whole. Comptroller also expressed approbation at the changes in the section. On the other hand, Senator Perry has received deeverybody is madder than before, and not a member of the committee seems entirely pleased with the amendment. The committee ever, utterly worn out and glad enough to have ended their labors even in this unsatisfactory way. As an evidence of the inane condition of n which such continuous charter doses have reduced them, Woodin, who halls from the Twenty-fifth dis trict, is said to refer to himself habitually now a "the Senator from the Twenty-fifth section."

them, Woodin, who hails from the Twenty-fifth district, is said to refer to himself habitually now as "the Senator from the Twenty-fifth section."

NEWSPAPER SUITS AGAINST THE CITY.

Mr. Cock introduced a bill for the "promotion of the ends of justice in certain legal proceedings against the city and county of New York." It provides that in any suits brought by any newspaper designated by the Common Council to do advertising in 1869 or 1870, no legislation prior to the act amending the charter of said city, passed in 1871, shall be held as invalidating or impairing the right or power of the Common Council of said city to designate and employ corporation papers during the years 1889, 1870 and 1871; also that no defence in such suits shall be made on the ground of the failure, or want of appropriation, want of employment or undue or detective authorization, and all such suits shall be subject to the code of procedure the same as in case of private parties.

Adjourned until Monday evening.

REPORTED FAVORABLY.

In the Senate the Assembly Civil Rights bill, which secures to our colored brethren the first choice at all hotels and theatres, was reported favorably by Senator James Wood's Judiciary Committee.

The bill in relation to the salaries of cierks of the

The bill in relation to the salaries of clerks of the

Marine Court was amended so as to confirm the clerks already appointed and giving to the Court the power to appoint all other necessary officers, subject only to the confirmation of the Board of Supervisors, who shall fix their sqlaries. It was thus reported.

Board of Supervisors, who shall fix their salaries. It was thus reported.

PROGRESSED.

The National Academy of Design bill was discussed and progressed in Committee of the Whole.

THE SEVENTH AVENUE WOODEN PAVEMENT.

Senator Woodin introduced a resolution calling on Comptroller Green to present within five days a copy of the contract for paving Seventh avenue, from Fourteenth street to Flity-ninth street, or any part thereof, with wooden pavement, the testimony regarding it taken before the Commissioners, whether judgment was recovered against the city in relation to it, the amount of such recovery, whether such judgment has been paid, and when, by whom the Comptroller was represented before such Commissioners and, if said action was tried, when and before what Judge, and who acted as plaintiff in such action.

The Senator has received information of some

when and before what Judge, and who acted as plaintiff in such action.

The Senator has received information of some irregularity in the matter of this contract, and proposes to find out about it. The numerous inquiries directed at the Comptroller hitherto have been replied to somewhat evasively, and this one may receive the same treatment, but if it does he will find that the Senate will take him in hand in a way that he won't relish.

EXTENDING DESEROSSES STREET.

A bill to alter the map of New York city, by extending Desbrosses struct in a prolongation of its present line eastward, was introduced by Senator Benedict.

Benediet.

THE SENATE ERIE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE, of which Woodin is chairman, will not at presen hold any meetings, the city charter demandling at the attention of its chairman. It is probable, a the present Assembly committee seems to be going ever the same ground, that the committe will, in deed, drop the subject and hold no meeting at all.

SUICIDE OF A UNITED STATES ASSESSOR. EVANSVILLE, Ind., March 21, 1873.

Judge Joseph G. Bowman, formerly a United States Assessor for the First Indiana district, com-mitted suicide at Vincennes by stabbing himself with a carving knife. Illness had unsettled his

CASHIER SAVAGE INDICTED. Boston, March 21, 1572.
The Grand Jury have indicted John Savage, Jr.

late cashier of the Lockmere National Bank, for A NEW ORLEANS STEAMER MISSING. NEW ORLEANS, March 21, 1873.

the 28th uit., via Vera Cruz for New Orteans, has not been heard from since she left Jamaica. The agents think she was detained probably nine days off Vera Cruz by northers and may reach here by the 26th inst.

Havasa, March 20, 1873.
Sugar weak; buyers demand a reduction. Exchange On the United States, 60 days, currency, 13 a 12% per ce premium; do., 80 days, gold. 30% a 31 per cent premium; do., 60 days, gold. 30% a 31 per cent premium; on. 60 days, gold. 30% a 33 per cent premium; on Lo don, 85 a 46 per cent premium; on Faria, 23 a 20% per dent p

# WASHINGTON

Senator Casserly and the Bank of California.

CALDWELL'S CASE IN THE SENATE.

Florida Whistling for 90,000 Acres of Land.

TAKING ISSUE WITH THE TREASURY

Collector Casey's Appointment Under Considers tion-Nominations and Confirmstions of Officials.

WASHINGTON, March 21, 1873. The Charges Against Senator Eugene Casserly, of California. He is an official of more than Roman fortitude ot to say virtue, that can afford, in the light o recent events, to affect disregard of public sentiment and dety charges of political and official nesty coming up from the people and finding voice in these despatches. This majestic role i now assumed by Senator Casserly. It has been announced that the senior Senator from Cali "will take no notice of the charges election to the Senate was secured by the Bank of California, having made it a rule of his life." he tion of this, it is alleged, is that Mr. Casserly inspired by the confidence of intrenchment behind a financial fortress, impregnable to attack ever from the august Senate of the United States, to wit, the Bank of California. There can be no doubt that Mr. Casserly, as well as his colleagu Mr. Sargent, on the principle that there no poli tics in business, find their mutual reason of being in the exigent interests of this monetary Coios sus of the Pacific coast. There has been from the beginning, among the masses of that State, a moral conviction that Mr. Casserly was the ambassador of the Bank of California near the national seat of government, and that Sargent, otherwise known as "Effigy" of that ilk, was also created Senator by the same potential voice, to upplement Casserly's power and hold up his hands in the cause of his omnipotent creators and mas. ters. Mr. Casserly's disregard of the forthcoming memorial certainly does not proceed from a indifference to the declarations of the press, the allegations of a large portion of his constituency, but is, it is said, deeply in his confidence in the potency of the aggregated capital and overmastering in fluence of the nabobs of the Bank of California men like D. O. Mills, W. P. Ralston, Eugene Kelley, Barron & Co., and B. F. Hastings and others, who have compassed the money power of the whole coast in their gripe and whose influence, ever exerted and never loosened, ramifles to the small est business relations and the remotest localities of the Golden State. To those knowing to the facts the truth of the syllogism is apparent that whoever might, could or would be elected United States Senator from California, could not be chosen in opposition to the will of the Bank of California, and, therefore, Mr. Casserly, who was elected four years ago to succeed John Conness, owes his success to its intervention, and its preference of him is equally due to his unreseason. A power that can secure the nominati of so essential a member of the Executive Cabinet returning the man it pleases to the Senate from it sown balliwick. These charges, which were first made in pamphlet form immediately after Mr. Casserly's election and substantiated his own authority by Volney E. Howard, an opponent of Mr. Casserly, are not the vague suspicions of a few or the vindicative givings out of Mr. Casserly's personal opponents. They are the moral conviction of the who of California. Mr. Casserly, as a newspaper man has certainly not that imperial indifference to the voice of the press which he is said to profess. His sense of security lies in another direction. He the power that created him a Senator is equally potential in the suppression of an investigation in

the existence of the many-voiced populace; and serenely confident in the omnipotence of the Bank of California, serve out the fag end of his term with the charges resting upon him and tarnishing his The Debate on the Caldwell Case Con-

namics. There has been no mitigation of tha popular decree in California that declared Mr. Casserly the creation of the great bank-

ing corporation four years ago, but at that

time investigations were not the fashion and that

was the rule. So Mr. Casserly has retained his

seat for four years without interference from the

people. But, encouraged by the possible and prob-

able event of the Caldwell investigation, the me

morial, with the body of charges and allegations

was prepared, and on that the Senate will be con-

strained to take some action, should Mr. Casserl lemand an investigation in the premises, or should

he, with magnificent contempt above the compre-hension of our poor human nature, be oblivious to

tinued-Zach Chandler Growling at The Caldwell debate occupied the greater part of the day in the Senate without any indication as to its limit. Senator Chandler prognosticated that the early part of next week would see the final disposal of the case. Senator Ferry, from Con necticut, offered an amendment to expel Caidwell, which will come up in case the Morton reso lation should fail. Senator Frelinghuysen made a comparatively short and very senspeech, opposing Morton's resolution, stigmatizing Caldwell's conduct very severely. After him Senator Morrill, from Maine made one of the finest speeches of the session terrible but true picture of the political demoral-ization in Kansas. He brushed away the vain sophistry of Conkling's argument in favor of Cald well like so much cobweb, and denounced with unsparing severity the heinous offence of the Kansas corruptionist. In conclusion he announced his intention to vote for Morton's resolution to the weak platitudes uttered by the previous speak ers in favor of Caldwell. There was, however, very the Senate went into executive session on the nominations. Chandler is not contented when ne hears Morton denouncing Caldwell for having used money to secure his election to the Senate and he has reason to be indignant. Who knows publican Committee how much hard cash this same Senator Morton made an earnest appeal for to be tion? Yet morton prates about the purity of Senatorial elections, and Chandler sits grimly and listens What if he, some fine day, can no longer hold his peace, but hauls Morton over the coals? Florida's Ninety Thousand Acres of Ag-

ricultural College Pund. . Pacts recently developed show some very ques-tionable transactions relative to the disposal of the Florida Agricultural College scrip, amounting to minety thousand acres. It seems that the scrip was delivered by the Interior Department in Jan uary last to Gleason F. Lewis, of Ohio, on an order of ex-Lieutenant Governor Bloxham, of Florids, claiming to be lawfully empowered by the college for that purpose. Lewis has the scrip, but the State has received no money. The record in the Interior Department shows a very singular contract between Bloxbam and Lewis. The scrip has not been formally assigned to Lewis by the college

trustees, yet Lewis holds the scrip by delivery. It is alleged that the State is liable to lose all benefit from the scrip by this transaction, and that neither Bioxham had legal authority to dispose of it nor had the Department the right to deliver it to any person except the party specified in the act of Congress. The matter has been referred to the

Pennsylvania's Warwick Wisely Silent Cameron intended yesterday to have pitched into on the recent election of Senator in Pennsylvania but he slept over it and wisely decided to-day to

Taking Issue with the Treasury Depart

Mr. Wallace P. Groom, of New York, to-day de manded payment, at the United States Treasury, of a one hundred dollar legal tender note in specie, or an interest bearing bond, or anything receivable for customs duties, and, payment being refused in either of these methods, he purposes having the greenback formally protested to-morrow, his main objects being to publicly attack the existing practice of purchasing five-twenty bonds which are not yet due with over due greenbacks, and to illustrate the alleged need of providing government

bonds that shall be interchangeable with greenbacks at the option of holders. The Nomination of Collector Casey Under

Collector Casey's name was brought up to-day in executive session and went over under an object contented republicans the only opposition will come from those republicans who want offices for riends, and who hope that by affecting opposition they can induce the President to buy them off by

Appointments by the Secretary of the Interior.

The Secretary of the Interior to-day appointed Congressman J. P. C. Shanks, of Indiana, Charles Marsh, of Nevada City, Cal., and Agent J. L. Burchard, of the Round Valley Indian Reservation, Cal. to be commissioners, under a recent act of Congress, to appraise settlers' improvements on the Round Valley Reservation, and report where its northern boundary should be located. Messrs. Shanks and Marsh are allowed \$8 per day and actual expenses. Instructions, merely embodying the provisions of the law, will be prepared immediately by the Commissioner of Indian Affairs. Nominations by the President.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day :-

the Senate to-day:—

James E. Milstead, to be Collector of Customs at Yorktown, Va., and David Bushy, to be Collector of Customs for the District of Oregon.

Public Lands Officers—Joseph Fox, to be Receiver at Grand Island, Neb.; James R. Lafferty, to be Receiver at Dardonelle, Ark.; George W. Burchard, to be Receiver at Independence, Kansas; W. W. Martin, to be Register at Independence, Kansas; S. Tibbetts, to be Register at Tallahassee, Fia.; James A. Shrigley, to be Register at Dardonelle, Ark.

Nominations Confirmed. The Senate in executive session to-day confirmed the following nominations: -

firmed the following nominations:—

Receivers of Public Moneys—Lewis Lewiston, at Duluth, Minn.; Joseph Fox, at Grand Island, Neb.; s. C. Wright, at Carson City, Nev. Nomination made to correct error in name, James C. Bradin, at Litchield, Minn.

Registers at Land Offices—Simon L. Thibetts, Tallahassee, Fla.; William H. Fellows, Duluth, Minn.; John P. Owens, Taylor's Falls, Minn.

Miscellaneous—Benjamin F. Greene, William H. Hendrickson and Edward S. Holden, to be Professors of Mathematics in the Navy; Lucius Garfield, Collector of Customs at Puget Sound; Joseph D. Pillow, Surveyor of Customs at Portsmouth, N. H.

Postmasters—A. L. Christie, Nyack, N. Y.; D. C. Fristie, Morrisania, N. Y.; Elizabeth Z. Vanlew, Richmond, Va.

Nomination Rejected. The Senate to-day rejected the nomination of John M. Dunn to be United States Marshal for Dela-

Mothers, Save Your Children from Being bitten and disfigured by bedbugs and fleas, by an early and pientiful use of KNOWLES' INSECT DESTROYEM. The large flasks are cheapest.

A.—The Best in the Market.—If You want an elegant dress or business HAT go direct to the manufacturer, ESPENSCHEID, 118 Nassau street. A.—Herring's Patent
OHAMPION SAPES,
251 and 252 Broad way, corner of Murray street.

A.-Herald Branch Office, Brooklyn,

Open from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. On Sunday from 3 to 9 P. M. A Hat.—The "Subject of My Story," borrowing the language of Cassius, is the KNOX Spring style of Genulemen's lists; it is complete in a chapter, a sentence and a word—"PERFECTION." Buy it at 212 Broadway, if you are down town; at the Prescott House, if more convenient, of at his splendid store under the Pitth Avenue Hotel.

A Soul-Stirring Sermon by Dr. S. M. LANDIS, the celebrated agitator and Christian reformer of Philadelphia, will be delivered next Sunday, 8 P. M., at the Athensum, 885 Broadway.

A .- For a First Class Hat at Popular prices go to DOUGAN, 102 Nassau, corner of Ann street.

According to Statements from Physicians, GRAEFERBERG MARSHALL'L CATHOLICO, is a very valuable medicine for complaints to which we men are subject. \$1.50 per bottle. Sold by druggists. GRAEFERBERG CO., 55 Reade street, N. Y. A.—Largest Clothing Store above Four-teenth street. Men's, boy's and children's ready made and to order. LoBDELL, TINSLEY & CO., Broadway, corner of Twenty-eighth street.

David's Spring Style of Hats for Gen-

Caution! Caution!-Boker's Bitters. Caution! Caution!—Boker's Bitters.

Parties wishing to buy these celebrated Bitters, and desirous of obtaining the genuine article, are cautioned against the imitations and counterfeits offered in the American markets by unscrupuleus individuals, but easily recognized by the poor way in which they generally are put up, and principally by their vile taste, while the genuine article, though a Stomach Bitters, is very paint able and pleasant to every refined taste, and has sothing of the apothecary shop. Buy only of respectable houses.

L. FUNKE, Jr., Sole Agent,
Post office box No. 1,029. 66 Liberty street, N. Y.

Gentlemen's Hats.

artistic. Full dress, undress, travelling and evening wear.

Complete and attractive variety.

All tastes suited.

Perfection our aim.

Reasonable accomplishment attained
WARNOCK & CO., Hatters, 519 Broadway. Gents' Hats.—Spring Styles at Manufacturers' prices P. ERNENWEIN, 148 Nassau street near Spruce street.

Kearney's Buchu is Unequalled for Bright's disease, gravel, dropsy, gout, diabetes and kid-ney diseases in every stage. Ibi Duane street. Physi-cian always in attendance.

"Married in Mask"—A New Story by Mansfield Tracy Walworth, is now ready in the NEW YORK WEEKLY.

Royal Havana Lottery.—Prizes Cashed. Circulars sent. J. B. MARTINEZ & CO., 10 Wall street, Post effice box 4,785. Royal Havans Lottery .- New Schem now out. Orders filled, prizes, cashed, information fur nished. Highest rates paid for Spanish bills, &c., &c. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, is Wall street, New York.

Royal Havana Lottery.-Circulars and formation turnished.
R. OBTEGA (Post office box 1,846), No. 9 Wall street.

Snow's Pectoral Pearls.—A Noted Confection for Coughs, Sore Throats and Hoarseness. Sold by Braggista. E. cents per box. H. H. SNOW, Sole-Manufacturer, New Haven, Conn.

Spring Is Coming.—Ladies' and Gentle-ser's BOOTS and SHQES, all styles and prices. MILLER & CO., No. 3 Union square. The Celebrated "Tivoli" Lager Beer, bottled in Berlin (quarts and pints), the finest in the world, sold to families at low rates, or to the trade at agents' rates. 69 Fulton street, N. Y. Established 1853.

Texas Jack, the Living Scout, Now Performing with Buffalo Bill and Ned Buntline in the drama of 'The decuts of the Frairie,' is the hero of an exciting story just commenced in the New YORK WERELY. The Misfortume of a Rupture Can Boessly remedied by wearing the NBW BLASTIC TRUSS without Metal Springs. Levelus the Rupture onder all circumstances; is worther and day with perfect confort and societies premanent cure. Soil at a moderate part of the country by the PLASTIC TRUSS CO., 633 Broadway, New York city.—Herper's Weekly, March, 1873.

Valuable and Reliable.—Brown's BRONCHIAL TROCTES are invaluable to those ex-posed to sudden changes, affording prompt relief in Coughs, Colda, &c.

Zoelalon Is Pure Cod Liver Oil, Com-bined with Oxygen. Half the usual dose is sufficient Price 35c.

NEW PUBLICATIONS. THE WORTH OF \$1 FOR 25C.

Four back numbers of
PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL

(January to April) sent, prepaid, first post, for 25c., by
S. E. WELLS, Seg. Sroadwar,

NEW PUBLICATIONS. (HEAPEST HOOKSTORE IN THE WORLD.

25,000 magnificent Books
25,000 magnificent Books
25,000 magnificent Books
40,000 magnificent Books
at your price.
30,000 Theoretical Books

Catalogues 33, 34 and 35 free. Send Stamp. LEGGAT BROTHERS, 3 Beckman st., corn of Park row.

D. APPLETON & CO., 549 and 551 Broadway, 549 and 561 Broadway, 549

seventh.

NOT WISELY, BUT TOO WELL. By Shoda Broughton, anthor of "Cometh Up as a Flower." 12mo. edition. author of "Cometh Up as a Flower." 12mo. edition. Price \$1.50.

AN OPEN QUESTION. A Novel. By James de Mille, author of the "Lady of the Ice." With 20 illustrations by Alfred Fredericks. 1 vol., 8vo. Paper covers, \$21, cloth, \$1.50.

THE LAST OF THE MOHICANS. New Library Edition. cioth, 31 50.

THE LAST OF THE MOHICANS, Now Library Editions, 12mo., cloth. Price \$1 50.

RACHEL GRAY. By Julia Kayanagh, author of "Nathalie," &c. 1 vol., 12mo. cloth, \$1 25.

LADY SWEETAPPLE; OR, THREE TO ONE. By George Webbe Dascat. 1 vol., \$vo., with illustrations. Paper Covers, 75 cents.

HAND-BOOK OF AMERICAN TRAVEL. Southern Tour. With Maps. 1 vol., 12mo. cloth. Price \$2.

THE PATHFINDER. By James renimore Cooper. The fourth issue of the uniform Irms edition of Cooper's nevels. 1 vol., 12mo. Cloth, \$1 30.

RECENT DISCUSSIONS IN SCIENCE, PHILOSOPHW AND MOHALS. By Herbert Spencer. New edition. The Srt.. A Tale of the Neutral-Ground. By J. Fensions, 1, 12mo. Cloth, \$1 50.

THE ST... A Tale of the Neutral-Ground. By J. Fensions, 1, 12mo. Cloth, \$1 20.

THE OCEAN WORLD. Being a Description of the Seas and Some of its Inhabitants. By Louis Figuier. 1 vol., \$vo., Cloth, \$3 50.

THE ELWERRSSION OF THE EMOTIONS IN MAN AND THE LOWER ANIMALS. By Charles Darwin, M. A., F. R. S. With Photographic and other Illustrations. 1 vol., 12mo. Cloth, \$3 50.

Either of the above, when not to be had in book stores, sent post-paid by mail, to any part of the United States.

HARPER'S NEW MONTIFLY MAGAZINE FOR APRIL, 1873.

FOR APRIL, 1873.

THE CRADLE OF THE NEW WORLD.

Illustrations—Balandra Head, at the Entrance of Samana Bay—Discovery of Santo Domingo, from a Sketch by Columbus—Map of Samana Bay—Town and Bay of Puerto Plata—Caves of Santana: The Amphitheatre—Figures Cut in the Rock—A Buccanser—A-Boucan—Going Ashore—Loading Cargo—The Old Fort of Entrance of Santa Domingo City—A Deminican School—Business Streat in Santo Domingo City—Apartments—The Only Steam Bagine in Santo Domingo—The Vega Roal, from the Sants Cerro—Market Square of Santago—Haytian Waiter—The Guide—Palaco of Sans-Souci at Cape Haytian

IGEON YOYAGERS.

Illustrations—Lowering the Pigeon—Methods of Attaching the Message—Belghan Pigeons at the Paisce of Industry: The Escape—Mode of Fastening Masages to Carrier Pigeons—The Four Principal Varieties: Antwerp Carrier: Liege, Cross of English and Liege, Bea Anglais—Exterior of Pigeon Lott—Interior of a Carrier Pigeon Lott—Interior of the Trap—Improved Model of Pigeon Lott Interior—Stamping the Wing—Race of the Carriers—Pigeon Basket—Newly Hatched Pigeon, natural Size.

Carriers—Figeon basses—
Ural Size.

THLL DEATH."

THE MOUNTAINS—VII. Illustrated by Porte Crayon.
Illustrations—Dick—Subterranean—The Flight—"He
Killed my Wolf"—An Improvement—The Old Dragon—
Bub—Domestic Bluss—Delusive Industry—A Quandary.
GOG, MAGOG & CO.
Illustrations—Gayant and His Pamily, the Giants of
Doual—Gog Magog—Corineus—The Tailors' Giant—
Arms of Antwerp—Antigonus—Gollath and His Wife,
the Giants of Ath—Lyderic and Giant Phinart—The
Snay-Dragon—The Snay-Dragon's Head—st. Chris-

AGRICULTURAL LABORERS IN ENGLAND,
Fortrait of Joseph Arch.

FOLD IN THE PIRAWING ROOM.
RECOLLECTIONS OF AN OLD STAGER.

BEA AND SHORE.

Illustrations.—Section of the Atlantic in the Tropfor.—
Comparative Saliness of Seas.—Icelerge of the Antarctic Ocean.—Role in the Stage of the Antarctic Ocean.—Role it was observed at Lybster, Section,
in 1822.—Route of Steam Fackets.—Frontie of a Tidal
Wave in the Bay of the Scins.—"Giants' Caldrons"—
Haelstolmen.—Section of the "Giants' Caldrons."—
Tidal Weils.—Different Positions of Cape Ferret from
1835 to 1833.—Formation of a Dune.—Formation of Sand
Dune.—Section of a Dune.—Caim During the Hurricane at Reunion, February 15, 1861.—Calm During the
Hurricane at Reunion, February 17, 1701.—Spirals made
by the Vessel Charles Heddles.—Cyclone in the Indian
Ocean, in January, 1822.—Parabola Desertbed by a
Hurricane.—Whirlwinds or Dust.—Comparative
Amounts of Rainfall.

LOD KENSINGTON. By Miss Thackeray.
Chapter XLVI. The Sorrowin Message.
Chapter XLVII. The Sorrowin Message.
Chapter XLVII. The Sorrowin Message.
Chapter XLVIII. The Description of the Sunlight."

Chapter XLVIII. An Explanation.

Hastrations.—Head Piece.—They Found a Poet ack Heap Lying Upon the Floor in the Sunlight."

LACE GREELEY. By Junius Hearl Browne.

Instrations.—Horace Greeley's Sanctum, Tribuns

Office.
A SIMPLETON.—A STORY OF THE DAY. By Charles BABY AND MUSTARD PLAYING BALL -A Florida Incident.
THE NEW MAGDALEN. By Wilkie Collins.
Chapter XXII. The Man in the Dining Room,
Chapter XXIII. Lady Janet at Bay.
VOIGE AND FACE.
EDITOR'S EASY CHAIR.
EDITOR'S ELTERARY RECORD.
EDITOR'S SCIENTIFIC RECORD.
EDITOR'S HISTORICAL RECORD.
EDITOR'S DRAWER.

EDITOR'S DRAWER.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE for April has every variety of instructive and entertaining reading matter, with entry-dive lilustrations. It contains an illustrated paper on Santo Domingo, by S. S. Conant; a comprehensive summary of the most interesting marine phenomena, by Charles Nordhoff, with over twenty illustrations; an important and timely contribution from M. D. Conway, on the English Agricultural Laborers' Movement, with a portrait of Joseph Arch; a graphic sketch of Horace Greeley, from the pen of Junius Henri Browne, with an illustration of Mr. Greeley's Sanctum at the Tribune office; an entertaining illustrated paper on Carrier Pigeons; another instalment of Porte Crayon's "Mountains;" more of the "Recollections of an Old Stager;" a continuation of "Old Kensington," by Miss Thackeray; of "The New Magda-len," by Wilkle Collins, and of "A Simpleton," by Charles Reade; a characteristic short story, by James Payn, the novelist; a tale of dramatic and thrilling interest, by Will Wallace Harney. The Editor's Historical Record contains a comprehensive resume of the subject of Transportation; and in the Editor's Drawer there is a graphic description, with four illustrations of Leicester Square, Londen.

TERMS FOR HARPER'S MAGAZINE, WEEKLY AND Magazine, one copy for one year.

Weekly, one copy for one year.

Bazar, one copy for one year.

Bazar, one copy for one year.

Harper's Magazine, Harper's Weekly and Harper's Bazar for one year, \$10; or any two for \$7.

HARPER & BROTHERIS, New York. HIGH LIFE IN NEW YORK. BY JONATHAN

MISS LESLIE'S NEW COOK BOOK, AND

MISS LESLIE'S NEW COOK BOOK,

are published this dax by

T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS, Philadelphia, and are for saie by all booksellers and news agents.

HIGH LIFE IN NEW YORK. By Jonathan Slick, Esq., of weathersfield, Connecticat. Being a Series of Letters from Jonathan Slick to his Par, Mr. Zephariah. Slick, Justice of the Peace, and Deacon to the Church over to Weathersfield, tin the State of Connecticut. It contains Illustrative Engravings of scenes and experiences in his travels and places visited in the city of New York; with his ideas of Love and Ladles, and his Private Love Andairs and Flirtations. For downright drollery and hearty humor it has never had its equal. It is published complete in one large duodecum volume, bound in morocco cloth, full rill back. Frice \$1.75.

MISS LESLIEN NEW COOK BOOK. A Complete Manual of Domestic Cookray, "Miss Leslies New Receipts for Cookray," &c. Complete in one large duodecimo volume of over 600 pages, neatly and strongly bound in cloth, lill stock. Frice \$1.75. colon.

MISS Leslie's New COOK BOOK. A Complete Manual of Domestic Cookray, "Ac. Complete in one large duodecimo volume of over 600 pages, neatly and strongly bound in cloth, lill stock. Frice \$1.75. colon.

MISS Leslie's New Cook Book. JUST UBLISHED.

Miss Le

NEARLY READY-THE NATIONAL QUARTERLY BEVIEW-VOL XXVI, NO. LIE (SPRING

London.

III.—World Wealth.

IV.—Jean Baptiste De La Salle.

V.—Supplement to "The University of Peansylvania", and its New Windows.

VI.—The Internal and External Fire of the Earth.

VII.—Notices and Criticisms.

VIII.—Appendix—Insurance, Good, Bad and Indifferent

VIII.—Alphabetical Index to Volume XXVI.

IX.—Alphabetical Index to Volume XXVI.

The work may be had from agents in all parts of the country. General agents, American News Company. A specimen coly, postage paid, sent by the editor to any part of the United States or British America on receipt of \$1.25.

Editor and Proprietor, 65 Rible House, Astor Place, N. T.

NEW, AND OLD BOOKS.

30,000 vols.
In time binding.
Illustrated Books a specialty.
English editions of Standard Books,
at reasonable prices,
at the
Old Curiosity Shop.

[OMN EYNE, 109 Names street.]